



Who am I? Georgios Theodoridis

- Scientific/Technical Project Officer at European Commission DG JRC (Joint Research Centre)
 - Directorate on Space, Security and Migration



- Critical Infrastructure Protection
 - Manager of the ERNCIP IACS TG; Editor of the IACS CCS
 - Review of the NIS and ECI Directives
 - Smart Power Grids resilience and security
 - EU Critical Infrastructures resilience against Hybrid Threats
- Internet/cyber Security
 - Internet backbone routing security
 - Data encryption solutions





Who am I? **Jose Ruiz**

CTO and founder at







- **Common Criteria & FIPS 140-2 Expert**
- **EUCA/ICMC/ICCC Program Director**
- Editor & Co-leader at ERNCIP TG "IACS Cybersecurity Certification"
- Editor at JTC13 WG3: "Cybersecurity Evaluation Methodology for ICT products"
- **Appointed Member of SCCG (Stakeholder Cybersecurity Certification Group)**



The Joint Research Centre at a glance

3000 staff

Almost 75% are scientists and researchers. Headquarters in Brussels

and research facilities located in 5 Member States.





JRC's Mission

As the European Commission's science and knowledge service, the Joint Research Centre (JRC) supports EU policies with independent scientific evidence throughout the whole policy cycle.



EU Cybersecurity Certification Framework What?

- Harmonised approach to Cybersecurity Certification Schemes at EU level
- Common EU Cybersecurity Certification Schemes
- Specific ICT Products, Services and Processes of common interest



EU Cybersecurity Certification Framework Why?

- Increase the Cybersecurity within the EU
- EU-wide recognised Cybersecurity Certificates
- Improve the conditions for the functioning of the internal market
 - A digital single market for ICT Products, Services and Processes
- Increase the competitiveness and growth of EU ICT companies
 - Quality standards for Cybersecurity
 - Minimise the certification cost



EU Cybersecurity Certification Framework How?

- Definition of Common EU CCS for specific ICT Products / Services / Processes
- Evaluation against the common EU CCS
- Attestation of compliance with specified security requirements
- Protection of the
 - availability, authenticity, integrity or confidentiality of
 - stored / transmitted / processed data or
 - the functions / services offered by, or accessible via, those ICT Products / Services / Processes
 - throughout their life cycle



EU Cybersecurity Certification Framework CyberSecurity Act

Union Rolling Work Programme

- Defined by the EC
- Multiannual overview of strategic priorities for future CCS
- Specific ICT products/services/processes
- Criteria
 - Related MS CCS or EU/MS legislation/policy
 - Market demand
 - Cyber threat landscape
 - Request by the ECCG
- Input from ECCG and Stakeholders CG



EU Cybersecurity Certification Framework CyberSecurity Act

- EC request to ENISA for preparing a Candidate CCS
 - Based on the Union Rolling Work Programme priorities
 - Ad-hoc requests also possible
- ENISA
 - Establishment of an ad-hoc Group of Experts
 - Consultations/collaboration with all the Stakeholders
 - Submission of the Candidate CCS
- Adoption of the CCS
 - The Candidate CCS becomes Effective



IACS Components CCS (ICCS) **ERNCIP**

ERNCIP

- European Reference Network Critical Infrastructure Protection
- Managed and Coordinated by EC DG JRC

ERNCIP IACS TG

- Industrial Automation & Control Systems Thematic Group
- Highly reputable experts
- All the relevant scientific and technical fields
- All over the EU
- All the ICCS stakeholders
 - IACS (Components) manufacturers
 - Cybersecurity certification authorities
 - Cybersecurity industries, cybersecurity assessment laboratories
 - Academia



Evolution

2014

Phase.



2015-2016

Phase 2

Design of an IACS Components Cybersecurity Framework (ICCF)



2017-2018

Phase 3

ICCF Enhancement: testing & improvement

JOIN(2017) 450

"Building strong Cybersecurity for the EU"

COM(2017) 477

Proposal for the **CyberSecurity Act**



2019

EU CyberSecurity Act (CSA)

2019-2020 Phase 4

> Recommendations for the Implementation of the IACS Components Cybersecurity Certification Scheme (ICCS)

In accordance with CSA



Feasibility Study

for an EU ÍACS

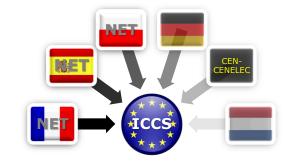
Components Cybersecurity

Scheme











IACS Components CCS (ICCS) Basic Principles

Prescriptive and unequivocal

- Well structured, concise, clear and precise requirements for all ICCS stakeholders and entities
- Rigorous and homogeneous evaluation & certification
- Equivalence and mutual recognition of Certificates

Usable and self-explanatory

- Recommendations, guidelines, information and references for the ICCS implementation
- Foreseen audience: professionals of products' cybersecurity engineering, evaluation and certification

Agnostic

- Technology agnostic
- Terminology agnostic



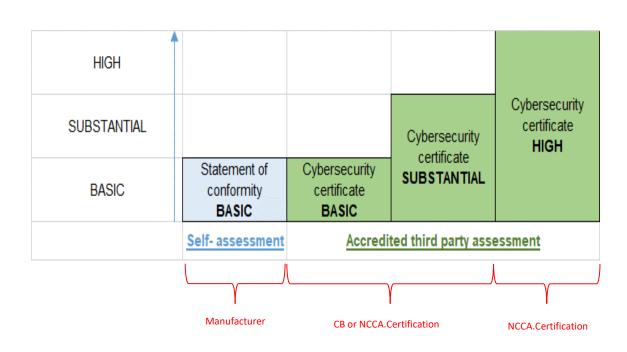
IACS Components CCS (ICCS) Focus on Components

- IACS are built as the integration of multiple, disparate hardware/software Components
 - Different technologies/solutions
 - Different providers
- Cybersecure IACS by cybersecuring its Components
- Flexibility and adaptability: Different security requirements and assurance levels per IACS element
 - System design
 - Intended use
 - Operational environment
 - System-level security measures



Assurance Levels

- Three (3) Assurance Levels
- EU Statement of Conformity (Basic)
- In accordance with CSA
- Risk-assessment approach





IACS Components CCS (ICCS) Assurance Levels

Assurance Level	Evaluation activities
Basic	[a] Component Cybersecurity Profile evaluation
	[b] Documentation review (Basic)
	[c] Installation, configuration and decommissioning procedures
	verification
Substantial	Evaluation activities required for the assurance level Basic +
	[a] Documentation review (Substantial)
	[b] Security functions testing
	[c] Vulnerability analysis (Substantial)
High	Evaluation activities required for the assurance level Substantial +
	[a] Documentation review (High)
	[b] Development process audit
	[c] Vulnerability analysis (High)
	[d] Penetration testing
	[e] Cryptographic assessment

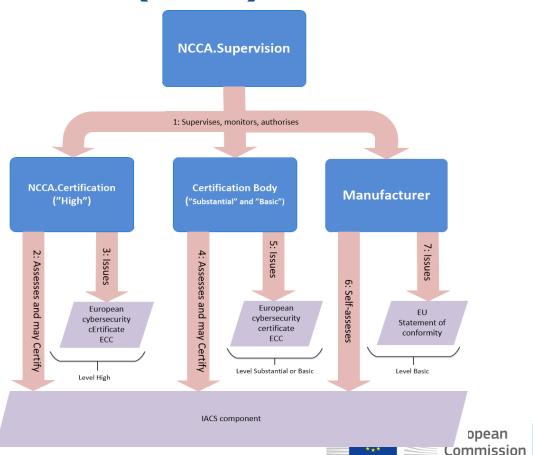


IACS Components CCS (ICCS) Assurance Levels

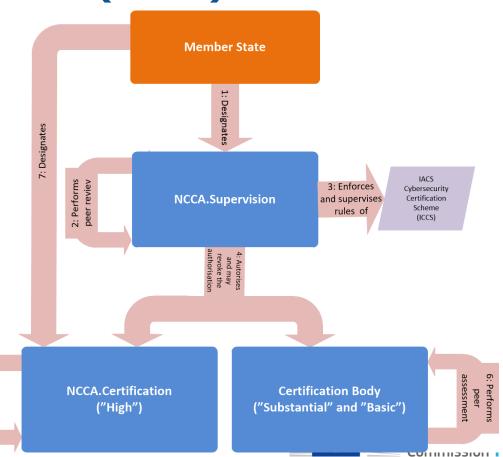
Elements Necessary for Assessment (ENA)
[a] Component Cybersecurity Profile (CCP)
[b] End-user guidance and recommendations
[c] Development process documentation including:
Vulnerability management procedure
 Patch and obsolescence management procedure
 Internal cybersecurity knowledge management procedure
Secure by default and by design strategy
[d] Component under Assessment (CuA)
Elements required in the assurance level BASIC +
[a] Development process documentation including:
Configuration management
Life-cycle definition
Incident handlings plan
[b] Robustness testing documentation
[c] Design documentation:
Interfaces description
 List of parts of the Component under Assessment (CuA)
Elements required in the assurance level SUBSTANTIAL +
[a] Internal Design documentation
[b] Cryptography Information
[c] Access to the development team, the development site and the manufacturing sites shall be provided



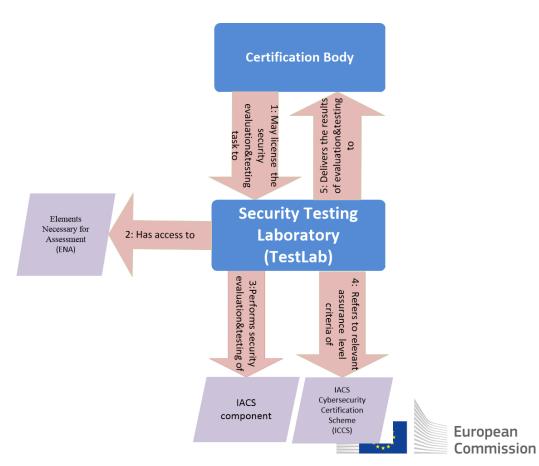
Consolidated organisation of the ICCS certification and Self-Assessment



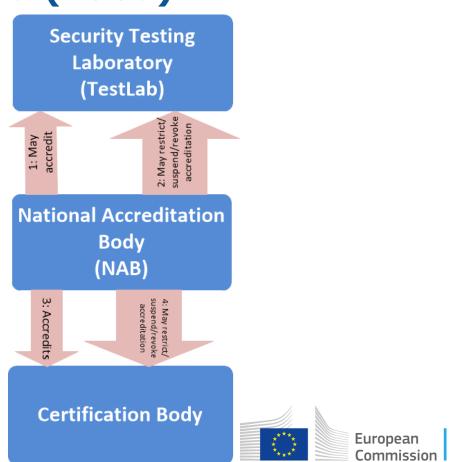
NCCA.Supervision in context



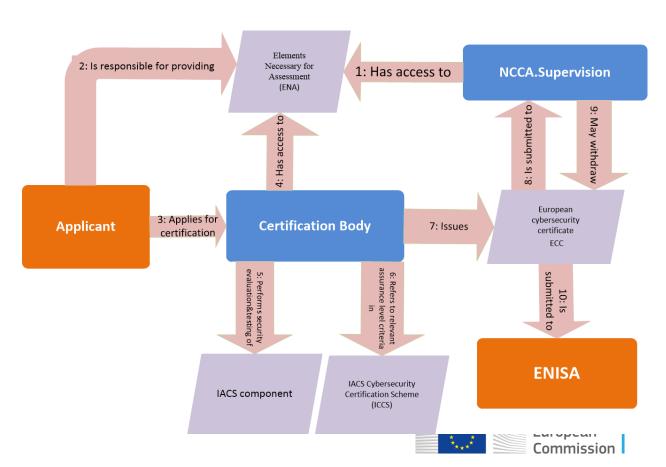
Security Testing
Laboratory (TestLab) in
the certification
process



Accreditation, Peer Assessment and Peer Review model



Issuing a Certificate on the Applicant request



Conclusions & Next Steps

- ➤ Recommendations for the Implementation of the IACS Components Cybersecurity Certification Scheme (ICCS)
 - A European and Industry need
 - Good piece of work to be used by the EU Commission and ENISA
- Work ahead
 - Define the evaluation(s) methodology(s) to be used in the scheme
 - Analyse and Re-use EUCC applicable work
- > Waiting for Union Rolling Work Programme



Thank you for your attention – to stay in touch:

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ERNCIP IACS TG: https://erncip-project.jrc.ec.europa.eu/networks/tgs/european-iacs



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